

was got by the West British Development Syndicate, 7 Tower Buildings North, Liverpool.

Mr. H. J. Daly reported on the mine to the Controller of Mineral Resources in 1917.

Cappagh (Cappaghglass). 1" 199. 6" Cork 140 S.W. This is the best known of what were called the Audley Mines. It lies E. of Ballycummisk, and is marked on the engraved 1" map nearly two miles south of Ballydehob. Griffith (1855, pp. 201 and 202) visited these mines in 1819 and 1821, and the reports of the M.C.I. (1824) show that at one time he conducted the operations at Cappagh. Hunt (1848) gives, for 1820, 30 tons; 1821, 57 tons; 1822, 33 tons. The M.C.I. took over the mine in 1824, sank to 84 fathoms between 1825 and 1830 (Griffith 1855, p. 202), and raised 448 tons in 1827, but found the lode in time unprofitable, and in 1830 surrendered the lease to Lord Audley, with the machinery, for a consideration of £12,000. The mine seems at that time to have been worked under the name of **Audley** (Hunt 1848); the records are 367 tons in 1830, 152 in 1831, and only 11 tons in 1832. Kane (1844, p. 183) describes the lode, which became tested to 120 fathoms, with levels extending over 200 fathoms. Expectations of ore at the junctions of veins having failed, working was again abandoned. In consequence, Memoir 200 etc., p. 24 (1861) dismisses the mine with a few words; but in 1863 the Cappagh Mining Company took it up (Min. Stat.), raising small outputs until 1866. From 1867 to 1872 there is no record; 35 tons of ore were raised in 1873, and work then ceased. *Great Cappagh* is given independently as a mine-name in Min. Stat. Lists of Mines 1862-5 (Cave and Company).

In the Home Office series (R 58) there is a large section of Cappagh, showing 11 levels, down to 114 fathoms, with a note that operations closed in 1873. J. Calvert also gives a large plan (date 1857), which he could not guarantee, since local information was of an interested nature (as is commonly the case in mining enterprises), and the mine had been full of water for twenty-five years. In R 58, which is a roll miscellaneous records, there are also various sections, sketches, and plans of Cappagh, two lithographs for issue to the public or to shareholders, and an undated report by P. T. Foley, Junr., to which "J. C." adds a note of warning disapproval. There are also reports by S. Vivian (1853) and M. Edwards (1854) on the **Bog Mine**, a little north of Cappagh, where lodes had been tested to 12 fathoms.

Carravilleen. 1" 199. 6" Cork 129 S.E. A small mine east of Killeen, closed before 1864. See under Kilcrohane, and Mem. 192 and 199, p. 47 (1864). Much dolomite was present.

Carrigacat. (See Dhurode.)

Coney Island (Coony). 1" 204. 6" Cork 148 N.E. This